



## **Coding for Pediatric Preventive Care**

NOTE: This resource contains comprehensive listings of codes that may not be used by your practice on a regular basis. We recommend that you identify the codes most relevant to your practice and include those on your encounter form/billing sheet.

Following are the *Current Procedural Terminology (CPT®)*, Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) Level II, and *International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM)* codes most commonly reported by pediatricians in providing preventive care services. It is strongly recommended that the pediatrician, *not* the staff, select the appropriate code(s) to report.

## [A]Preventive Medicine Service Codes

- To report the appropriate preventive medicine service code, first determine if the patient qualifies as new or established (defined in the next 2 sections), then select the appropriate code within the new or established code family based on patient age.
- Preventive medicine service codes are not time-based; therefore, time spent during the visit is not relevant in selecting the appropriate code.
- If an illness or abnormality is encountered or a preexisting problem is addressed in the process of performing the preventive medicine service, and if the illness, abnormality, or problem is significant enough to require additional work to perform the key components of a problem-oriented evaluation and management (E/M) service (history, physical examination, medical decision-making), the appropriate office or other outpatient service code (99201–99215) should be reported in addition to the preventive medicine service code. Modifier 25 should be appended to the office or other outpatient service code to indicate that a significant, separately identifiable E/M service was provided by the same physician on the same day as the preventive medicine service.
- An insignificant or trivial illness, abnormality, or problem encountered in the process of
  performing the preventive medicine service that does not require additional work and
  performance of the key components of a problem-oriented E/M service should *not* be
  reported.
- The comprehensive nature of the preventive medicine service codes reflects an age- and gender-appropriate history and physical examination and is *not* synonymous with the comprehensive examination required for some other E/M codes (eg, **99204**, **99205**, **99215**).
- Immunizations and ancillary studies involving laboratory, radiology, or other procedures, or screening tests (eg, vision and hearing screening) identified with a specific *CPT* code, are reported separately from the preventive medicine service code.

#### [B]Preventive Medicine Services: New Patients

Initial comprehensive preventive medicine E/M of an individual includes an age- and gender-appropriate history; physical examination; counseling, anticipatory guidance, or risk factor reduction interventions; and the ordering of laboratory or diagnostic procedures.

99381 Infant (younger than 1 year)	<b>V20.31</b> Health supervision for newborn under 8 days old <b>V20.32</b> Health supervision for newborns 8 to 28 days old
	<b>V20.2</b> Routine infant or child health check
99382 Early childhood (age 1–4 years)	<b>V20.2</b> Routine infant or child health check
99383 Late childhood (age 5–11 years)	<b>V20.2</b> Routine infant or child health check
<b>99384</b> Adolescent (age 12–17 years)	<b>V20.2</b> Routine infant or child health check
<b>99385</b> 18 years or older	<b>V70.0</b> Routine general medical examination
	at a health care facility

A *new patient* is defined as one who has *not* received any professional services (face-to-face services rendered by a physician and reported by a specific *CPT* code[s]) from a physician, or another physician of the same specialty who belongs to the same group practice, within the past 3 years.

#### [B]Preventive Medicine Services: Established Patients

Periodic comprehensive preventive medicine reevaluation and management of an individual includes an age- and gender-appropriate history; physical examination; counseling, anticipatory guidance, or risk factor reduction interventions; and the ordering of laboratory or diagnostic procedures.

<i>CPT</i> Codes	ICD-9-CM Codes
99391 Infant (younger than 1 year)	V20.31 Health supervision for newborn under 8 days old
	<b>V20.32</b> Health supervision for newborns 8 to 28 days old
	<b>V20.2</b> Routine infant or child health check
<b>99392</b> Early childhood (age 1–4 years)	<b>V20.2</b> Routine infant or child health check
<b>99393</b> Late childhood (age 5–11 years)	<b>V20.2</b> Routine infant or child health check
<b>99394</b> Adolescent (age 12–17 years)	<b>V20.2</b> Routine infant or child health check
<b>99395</b> 18 years or older	<b>V70.0</b> Routine general medical examination
v	at a health care facility

# [A]Counseling, Risk Factor Reduction, and Behavior Change Intervention Codes

- Used to report services provided for the purpose of promoting health and preventing illness or injury.
- They are distinct from other E/M services that may be reported separately when performed.
- Counseling will vary with age and address such issues as family dynamics, diet and exercise, sexual practices, injury prevention, dental health, and diagnostic or laboratory test results available at the time of the encounter.
- Codes are time-based, where the appropriate code is selected based on the approximate time spent providing the service.
- Extent of counseling or risk factor reduction intervention must be documented in the patient chart to qualify the service based on time.
- Counseling or interventions are used for persons *without* a specific illness for which the counseling might otherwise be used as part of treatment.
- Cannot be reported with patients who have symptoms or established illness.
- For counseling individual patients with symptoms or established illness, report an office or other outpatient service code (99201–99215) instead.
- For counseling groups of patients with symptoms or established illness, report 99078 (physician educational services rendered to patients in a group setting) instead.

## [B]Preventive Medicine, Individual Counseling

- **99401** Preventive medicine counseling or risk factor reduction intervention(s) provided to an individual; approximately 15 minutes
- 99402 approximately 30 minutes99403 approximately 45 minutes99404 approximately 60 minutes

### [B]Behavior Change Interventions, Individual

- Used only when counseling a patient on smoking cessation (99406–99407).
- If counseling a patient's parent or guardian on smoking cessation, do not report these codes (99406–99407) under the patient; instead, refer to preventive medicine counseling codes (99401–99404) if the patient is not currently experiencing adverse effects (eg, illness) or include under the problem-related E/M service (99201–99215).
- **99406** Smoking and tobacco use cessation counseling visit; intermediate, greater than 3 minutes up to 10 minutes
- **99407** intensive, greater than 10 minutes
- **99408** Alcohol or substance (other than tobacco) abuse structured screening (eg, Alcohol Use Disorder Identification Test [AUDIT], Drug Abuse Screening Test [DAST]) and brief intervention (SBI) services; 15 to 30 minutes
- **99409** greater than 30 minutes

#### [B]Preventive Medicine, Group Counseling

**99411** Preventive medicine counseling or risk factor reduction intervention(s) provided to individuals in a group setting; approximately 30 minutes

**99412** approximately 60 minutes

## [C] ICD-9-CM Codes for Counseling Risk Factor Reduction and Behavior Change Interventions

- The diagnosis code(s) reported for counseling risk factor reduction and behavior change intervention codes will vary depending on the reason for the encounter.
- Remember that the patient cannot have symptoms or established illness; therefore, the diagnosis code(s) reported cannot reflect symptom(s) or illness(es).
- Examples of some possible diagnosis codes include

	1	1 0
0	V15.82	History of tobacco use
0	V15.83	Underimmunized status (Lapsed immunization schedule)
0	V15.89	Other specific personal history presenting as hazards to health
0	V25.09	Encounter for contraceptive management; general counseling and
		advice; other
0	V65.3	Dietary surveillance and counseling
0	V65.40	Counseling not otherwise specified
0	V65.41	Exercise counseling
0	V65.42	Counseling on substance use and abuse
0	V65.43	Counseling on injury prevention
0	V65.49	Other specified counseling

#### [A]Other Preventive Medicine Services

#### [B]Pelvic Examination

- Preventive medicine service codes **(99381–99385** and **99391–99395)** include a pelvic examination as part of the age- and gender-appropriate examination.
- However, if the patient is having a problem, the physician can report an office or other outpatient E/M service code **(99212–99215)** for the visit and attach modifier **25**, which identifies that the problem-oriented pelvic visit is a separately identifiable E/M service by the same physician on the same date of service.
- Link *ICD-9-CM* code **V20.2** to the preventive medicine service code, but link a different diagnosis code (eg, **623.5** [vaginal discharge], **625.3** [dysmenorrhea]) to the office or other outpatient E/M service code.
- Anticipatory or periodic contraceptive management is not a "problem" and therefore is included in the preventive medicine service code; however, if contraception creates a problem (eg, breakthrough bleeding, vomiting), the service can be reported separately with an office or other outpatient service code.

Encounter for insertion of intrauterine contracentive device

## [C]*ICD-9-CM* Codes

O	V & J.11	Encounter for insertion of intrauterine contraceptive device
0	V25.12	Encounter for removal of intrauterine contraceptive device
0	V25.13	Encounter for removal and reinsertion of intrauterine contraceptive device
0	V25.40	Surveillance of previously prescribed contraceptive methods; contraceptive surveillance, unspecified
0	V25.41	Surveillance of previously prescribed contraceptive methods; contraceptive pill
0	V25.42	Surveillance of previously prescribed contraceptive methods; intrauterine contraceptive device
0	V25.43	Surveillance of previously prescribed contraceptive methods; implantable subdermal contraceptive
0	V25.49	Surveillance of previously prescribed contraceptive methods; other contraceptive method
0	V72.31	Routine gynecologic examination
0	V72.32	Encounter for Papanicolaou cervical smear to confirm findings of recent normal smear following initial abnormal smear

## [B]Health Risk Assessment

## [C] CPT Code

**99420** Administration and interpretation of health risk assessment instrument (eg, health hazard appraisal)

NOTE: This code can be reported for a postpartum screening administered to a mother as part of a routine newborn check, but can be billed under the baby's name. Link to *ICD-9-CM* code **V20.2** for a normal screen. Check with your payers.

## [C] ICD-9-CM Codes

**V20.2** Routine infant or child health check (eg, for postpartum depression screening)

**V79.8** Special screening for other specified mental disorders and developmental handicaps

#### [B]Unlisted Preventive Medicine Service

**99429** Unlisted preventive medicine service

Report code **99429** only when a more specific preventive medicine service code does not exist.

## [A]Case Management or Care Plan Oversight Services

#### [B]Telephone Services

#### [C] CPT Codes

99441 Telephone E/M service by a physician or other qualified health care professional who may report E/M services provided to an established patient, parent, or guardian not originating from a related E/M service provided within the previous 7 days nor leading to an E/M service or procedure within the next 24 hours or soonest available appointment; 5 to 10 minutes of medical discussion

994429944311 to 20 minutes of medical discussion21 to 30 minutes of medical discussion

#### [B]Online Medical Evaluation

#### [C] CPT Code

**99444** Online E/M service provided by a physician or other qualified health care professional who may report E/M services provided to an established patient or guardian not originating from a related E/M service provided within the previous 7 days, using the Internet or similar electronic communications network

## [B]Care Plan Oversight

## [C] CPT Codes

Individual physician supervision of a patient (patient not present) in home, domiciliary, or rest home (eg, assisted living facility) requiring complex and multidisciplinary care modalities involving regular physician development or revision of care plans; review of subsequent reports of patient status; review of related laboratory and other studies; communication (including telephone calls) for purposes of assessment or care decisions with health care professional(s), family member(s), surrogate decision maker(s) (eg, legal guardian), or key caregiver(s) involved in patient's care; integration of new information into medical treatment plan; or adjustment of medical therapy; within a calendar month; 15 to 29 minutes

**99340** 30 minutes or more

- Care plan oversight (CPO) codes are reported once per calendar month.
- Telephone service codes are reported for *each* physician telephone call made or received from a patient or parent, excluding those that occur 7 days after or 24 hours before a face-to-face visit.
- The online medical evaluation code is reported only once for the same episode of care during a 7-day period, although multiple physicians can report their exchanges with the same patient.
- If the online medical evaluation refers to an E/M service previously performed and reported by a physician within the previous 7 days (physician requested or unsolicited patient follow-up) or within the postoperative period of the previously completed procedure, the service is considered covered by the previous E/M service or procedure.

- For the online medical evaluation code, a reportable service encompasses the sum of communication (eg, related telephone calls, prescription provision, laboratory orders) pertaining to the online patient encounter.
- The CPO codes include telephone calls and online medical evaluations; therefore, if you include time spent on a telephone call or an online medical evaluation toward your monthly CPO billing, you cannot also separately report that service.

## [A] Complex Chronic Care Coordination Services

**99487** Complex chronic care coordination services; first hour of clinical staff time directed by a physician or other qualified health care professional with no face-to-face visit, per calendar month

99488 first hour of clinical staff time directed by a physician or other qualified health care professional with one face-to-face visit, per calendar month

each additional 30 minutes of clinical staff time directed by a physician or other qualified health care professional, per calendar month

## [A]Transitional Care Management Services

**99495** Transitional care management services with the following required elements:

- Communication (direct contact, telephone, electronic) with the patient and/or caregiver within 2 business days of discharge
- Medical decision-making of at least moderate complexity during the service period
- Face-to-face visit, within 14 calendar days of discharge

**99496** Transitional care management services with the following required elements:

- Communication (direct contact, telephone, electronic) with the patient and/or caregiver within 2 business days of discharge
- Medical decision-making of high complexity during the service period
- Face-to-face visit, within 7 calendar days of discharge

## [A]Screening Codes

### [B] Vision Screening

**CPT** Codes

ICD-9-CM Codes

**99173** Screening test of visual acuity quantitative, bilateral

**V20.2** Routine infant or child health check

**99174** Instrument-based ocular screening (eg, photoscreening, automated-refraction), bilateral

**V20.2** Routine infant or child health check

V72.0 (examination of eyes and vision) is reported for diagnostic vision examinations only.

- To report code **99173**, you must employ graduate visual acuity stimuli that allow a quantitative estimate of visual acuity (eg, Snellen chart).
- Code 99174 is reported for instrument-based ocular screening for esotropia, exotropia, anisometropia, cataracts, ptosis, hyperopia, and myopia.

- When acuity (99173) or instrument-based ocular screening (99174) is measured as part of a general ophthalmologic service or an E/M service of the eye (eg, for an eye-related problem or symptom), it is considered part of the diagnostic examination of the office or other outpatient service code (99201–99215) and is not reported separately.
- Other identifiable services unrelated to the screening test provided at the same time are reported separately (eg, preventive medicine services).
- Failed vision screenings will most likely result in a follow-up office visit (eg, **99212–99215**) linked to the diagnosis code for the reason for the failure (eg, **367.1** [myopia]); when a specific code cannot be identified, report **368.8** (other specified visual disturbance).

#### [B] Hearing Screening

CPT Codes
 92551 Screening test, pure tone, air only
 92552 Pure tone audiometry (threshold); air only
 92567 Tympanometry (impedance testing)
 ICD-9-CM Codes
 V20.2 Routine infant or child health check
 V20.2 Routine infant or child health check
 V20.2 Routine infant or child health check

Codes **V72.11** (encounter for hearing examination following failed hearing screening) and **V72.19** (other examination of ears and hearing) are reported for diagnostic hearing examinations only.

- Requires use of calibrated electronic equipment; tests using other methods (eg, whispered voice, tuning fork) are not reported separately.
- Includes testing of both ears; append modifier **52** when a test is applied to only one ear.
- Other identifiable services unrelated to the screening test provided at the same time are reported separately (eg, preventive medicine services).
- Failed hearing screenings will most likely result in a follow-up office visit (eg, **99212–99215**) linked to the diagnosis code for the reason for the failure; when a specific code cannot be identified, report **389.8** (other specified forms of hearing loss).

## [B]Developmental Screening

CPT Code

96110 Developmental screening, per instrument,

V79.3 Special screening for developmental

with interpretation and report

W79.3 Special screening for development handicaps in early childhood

- Used to report administration of *standardized* developmental screening instruments of a limited nature.
- Often reported when performed in the context of preventive medicine services but may also be reported when screening is performed with other E/M services such as acute illness or follow-up office visits.
- Clinical staff (eg, registered nurse) typically administers and scores the completed instrument while the physician incorporates the interpretation component into the accompanying E/M service.
- When a limited standardized screening test is performed along with any E/M service (eg, preventive medicine service), both services should be reported and modifier 25 (significant, separately identifiable E/M service by the same physician on the same day of the procedure or other service) should be appended to the E/M code to show the E/M service was distinct and necessary at the same visit.
- Examples of **96110** instruments include, but are not limited to
  - Bricker D, Squires J, Mounts L. Ages & Stages Questionnaire (ASQ). 2nd ed. Baltimore, MD:
     Paul H. Brookes Publishing Co, Inc; 1999 and Squires J, Bricker D, Twombly E. Ages & Stages

- *Questionnaires: Social-Emotional (ASQ:SE).* Baltimore, MD: Paul H. Brookes Publishing Co, Inc; 2002
- Australian Scale for Asperger's Syndrome. In: Attwood T. *Asperger's Syndrome: A Guide for Parents and Professionals.* London, England: Jessica Kingsley Publishers; 1997
- Reynolds CR, Kamphaus RW. BASC-2: Behavior Assessment Scale for Children. 2nd ed. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Pearson School Publishing; 2004
- Gioia GA, Isquith PK, Guy SC, Kenworthy L. *Behavioral Rating Inventory of Executive Functioning (BRIEF)*. Lutz, FL: Psychological Assessment Resources, Inc; 2000
- Ireton H. Child Development Review System. Minneapolis, MN: Behavior Science Systems, Inc
- Wetherby AM, Prizant BM. *Communication and Symbolic Behavior Scales Developmental Profile (CSBS DP)*. Baltimore, MD: Paul H. Brookes Publishing Co, Inc; 2002
- Glascoe FP. Parents' Evaluation of Developmental Status. Nashville, TN: Ellsworth & Vandermeer Press LLC; 2006
- Jellinek M, Murphy M. Pediatric Symptom Checklist. http://www.massgeneral.org/psychiatry/services/psc\_home.aspx. Accessed January 30, 2013
- NICHQ Vanderbilt assessment scales. In: American Academy of Pediatrics. *Caring for Children With ADHD: A Resource Toolkit for Clinicians* [CD-ROM]. 2nd ed. Elk Grove Village, IL: American Academy of Pediatrics; 2012

#### [A]Immunizations

#### [B]Immunization Administration

#### [C]Pediatric Immunization Administration Codes

Report a *CPT* and an *ICD-9-CM* code for *each component administered* as well as for *each vaccine product* given during a patient encounter.

- **90460** Immunization administration (IA) through 18 years of age via any route of administration, with counseling by physician or other qualified health care professional; first or only component of each vaccine or toxoid administered
- +90461 each additional vaccine or toxoid component administered (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure.)
  Report 90461 in conjunction with 90460.

Component refers to all antigens in a vaccine that prevent disease(s) caused by one organism. Multivalent antigens or multiple serotypes of antigens against a single organism are considered a single component of vaccines. Combination vaccines are those vaccines that contain multiple vaccine components. Conjugates or adjuvants contained in vaccines are not considered to be component parts of the vaccine as defined above.

A "qualified health care professional" is an individual who by education, training, licensure/regulation, facility credentialing (when applicable), and payer policy is able to perform a professional service within his or her scope of practice and independently report a professional service. These professionals are distinct from "clinical staff." A clinical staff member is a person who works under the supervision of a physician or other qualified health care professional and who is allowed by law, regulation, facility, and payer policy to perform or assist in the performance of specified professional services but who does not individually report any professional services.

Code **90460** is used to report the first or only component in a single vaccine given during an encounter. You can report more than one **90460** during a single office encounter. Code **90461** is considered an add-on code to **90460** (hence the + symbol next to it). This means that the provider will use **90461** in addition to **90460** if more than one component is contained within a single

*vaccine administered. CPT* codes **90460** and **90461** are reported regardless of route of administration.

Pediatric IA codes **(90460–90461)** are reported only when *both* of the following requirements are met:

- 1) The patient must be 18 years or younger.
- 2) The physician or other qualified health care professional must perform face-to-face vaccine counseling associated with the administration. (*Note:* The clinical staff can do the actual administration of the vaccine.)

If *both* of these requirements are not met, report a nonage-specific IA code(s) **(90471–90474)** instead.

#### [C]Nonage-Specific Immunization Administration Codes

Report a *CPT* and an *ICD-9-CM* code for *each vaccine administration* as well as for *each vaccine product* given during a patient encounter.

**90471** IA (includes percutaneous, intradermal, subcutaneous, or intramuscular injections); one vaccine (single or combination vaccine/toxoid)

Do not report **90471** in conjunction with **90473**.

+90472 each additional vaccine (single or combination vaccine/toxoid) (List separately to code for primary procedure.)

Use **90472** in conjunction with **90460**, **90471**, or **90473**.

**90473** IA (includes intranasal or oral administration); one vaccine (single or combination vaccine/toxoid)

Do not report **90473** in conjunction with **90471**.

+90474 each additional vaccine (single or combination vaccine/toxoid) (List separately to code for primary procedure.)

Use **90474** in conjunction with **90460**, **90471**, or **90473**.

Codes **90471** and **90473** are used to code for the first immunization given during a single office visit. Codes **90472** and **90474** are considered *add-on* codes (hence the + symbol next to them) to **90460**, **90471**, and **90473**. This means that the provider will use **90472** or **90474** in addition to **90460**, **90471**, or **90473** if more than one vaccine is administered during a visit. Note that there can only be one first administration during a given visit. (See vignettes #3 and 4 on pages 24 and 25.)

If during a single encounter for a patient 18 years or younger, a physician or other qualified health care professional only counsels on some of the vaccines, report code **90460** (and **90461** when applicable) for those counseled on and defer to codes **90472** or **90474** as appropriate for those that are *not* counseled on.

The following vignettes may help illustrate their correct use (please note that these coding vignettes are for teaching purposes and do not necessarily follow every payer's reporting requirements):

#### [D]Vignette #1

A 5-year-old established patient is at a physician's office for her annual well-child examination. The patient is scheduled to receive her first hepatitis A vaccine; her fifth diphtheria, tetanus, and acellular pertussis (DTaP) vaccine; and the intranasal influenza vaccine. After distributing the Vaccine Information Statements and discussing the risks and benefits of immunizations with her parents, the physician administers the vaccines.

How are the appropriate code(s) for this service selected?

#### [E]Step 1: Select appropriate E/M code.

**99393** Preventive medicine service, established patient, age 5 to 11 years

#### [E]Step 2: Select appropriate vaccine product code(s).

**90633** Hepatitis A vaccine, pediatric/adolescent dosage (2-dose schedule), for intramuscular use

**90700** DTaP, for use in individuals younger than 7 years, for intramuscular use

90672 Influenza virus vaccine, quadrivalent, live, for intranasal use

## [E]Step 3: Select appropriate immunization administration code(s) by considering the following questions:

- Is the patient 18 years or younger?
- If the patient is younger than 18 years, did the physician or other qualified health care professional perform the face-to-face vaccine counseling, discussing the specific risks and benefits of the vaccine(s)?

If the answer to both questions is "yes," select a code(s) from the pediatric IA code family **(90460–90461)**. If the answer to one of the questions is "no," select a code from the nonage-specific IA code family **(90471–90474)**.

In this vignette, the answer to both questions is "yes." Therefore, the following IA codes will be reported:

**90460** IA through 18 years of age via any route of administration, with counseling by physician or other qualified health care professional; first or only component of each vaccine or toxoid administered

+**90461** each additional vaccine or toxoid component administered (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure.)

#### [E]Step 4: Select the appropriate ICD-9-CM diagnosis code(s).

Diagnosis codes are used along with *CPT* codes to reflect the outcome of a visit. *CPT* codes tell a carrier what was done and *ICD-9-CM* codes tell a carrier why it was done.

The vaccine product *CPT* code and its corresponding IA *CPT* code are always linked to the same *ICD-9-CM* code. This is because the vaccine product and the work that goes into administering that product are intended to provide prophylactic vaccination against a certain type of disease.

*ICD-9-CM* does list specific codes to describe an encounter in which a patient does receive a certain vaccine (ie, codes **V03–V05**); however, when immunizations are administered during a routine well-child visit, *ICD-9-CM* code **V20.2** should be linked to the individual vaccine product and administration code(s). This is due to *ICD-9-CM* guidelines that allow for the linkage of ageappropriate vaccines to be reported under **V20.2** during a routine well-baby or well-child encounter.

The diagnosis codes for the 3 vaccines and the 3 IA codes used in this vignette are as follows:

<i>CPT</i> Codes		ICD-9-CM Codes
99393	Preventive medicine service, established patient, 5–11 years	V20.2
90633	Hepatitis A vaccine product	V20.2
90460	Pediatric IA (hepatitis A vaccine), first component	V20.2
90700	DTaP vaccine product	V20.2
90460	Pediatric IA (DTaP vaccine), first component	V20.2
90461 (x2)	Pediatric IA (DTaP vaccine), each additional component	V20.2
90672	Influenza virus vaccine, quadrivalent, live product	V20.2
90460	Pediatric IA (influenza vaccine), first component	<b>V20.2</b>

#### **Alternative Coding**

CPT Codes	ICD	<i>-9-CM</i> Codes
90633	Hepatitis A vaccine product	V20.2
90700	DTaP vaccine product	V20.2
90672	Influenza virus vaccine, quadrivalent, live product	V20.2
90460 (x3)	Pediatric IA (hepatits A, DTaP, influenza vaccines), first compone	nt <b>V20.2</b>
90461 (x2)	Pediatric IA (DTaP vaccine), second and third components	V20.2
Please note t	hat <i>most</i> payers do not want multiple line items of codes <b>90460</b> o	r <b>90461</b> ; therefore,

Please note that *most* payers do not want multiple line items of codes **90460** or **90461**; therefore, follow the alternative coding.

#### Rationale

Because the patient is younger than 18 years of age and there is physician counseling, pediatric IA codes are reported **(90460, 90461).** Each vaccine administered will be reported with its own **90460** (hepatitis A, DTaP, influenza). The only vaccine with multiple components is DTaP. Because the first component (ie, diphtheria) was counted in **90460**, only the second and third components (tetanus and acellular pertussis) are reported with **90461** with 2 units.

#### [D]Vignette #2

A 2-month-old established patient presents for her checkup. The following vaccines are ordered: DTaP-*Haemophilus influenzae* type b (Hib)-inactivated poliovirus (IPV) (Pentacel), pneumococcal, and rotavirus. The physician counsels the parents on all of them and the nurse administers them all.

<b>CPT</b> Codes		ICD-9-CM Codes
99391	Preventive medicine service, established patient, <1 year	V20.2
90698	DTaP-Hib-IPV (Pentacel) product	V20.2
90670	Pneumococcal product	V20.2
90680	Rotavirus vaccine <b>V20.2</b>	
90460 (x3)	Pediatric IA (Pentacel, pneumococcal, rotavirus),	
	first component	V20.2
90461 (x4)	Pediatric IA (Pentacel), each additional component	V20.2

#### **Rationale**

Because the patient is younger than 18 years and there is physician counseling, pediatric IA codes are reported **(90460, 90461).** Clinical staff may administer the vaccine. The vaccines are administered during the patient's routine well-baby visit; therefore, code **V20.2** is the appropriate *ICD-9-CM* code for all vaccines.

#### [D]Vignette #3

A 19-year-old patient presents to the office for his annual checkup and to complete a college physical examination (in college the patient will be living in a dorm). He is due for a tetanus-diphtheria-acellular pertussis (Tdap) booster, meningococcal vaccine, and intranasal influenza vaccine. The physician counsels the patient on each and the nurse administers each.

<b>CPT</b> Codes		ICD-9-CM Codes
99395	Preventive medicine service, established patient, 18-39	years <b>V70.0</b> and <b>V70.3</b>
90715	Tdap product	V06.1
90471	IA, first injection	V06.1
90734	Meningococcal (MCV4) product	V03.89
90472	IA, each additional injection	V03.89
90672	Influenza virus vaccine, quadrivalent, live product	V04.81
90474	IA, each additional oral or intranasal	V04.81

#### Rationale

The patient is older than 18 years; therefore, despite physician counseling, pediatric IA codes cannot be reported. Instead, codes **90471–90474** must be used. Because the patient received 2 injections and 1 intranasal vaccine, code **90471** is reported for the first injection, **90472** for the second injection, and **90474** for the intranasal vaccine. It is important to remember that a first injection code **(90471)** cannot be reported in addition to a first oral or intranasal code **(90473)**; therefore, code **90474** must be used. The patient's age also requires the reporting of *ICD-9-CM* code **V70.0**; therefore, the vaccine product and IA codes must be linked to their appropriate *ICD-9-CM* codes (eg, **V06.1)**.

#### [D]Vignette #4

A 17-year-old patient presents to the office for her annual checkup and to complete a college physical examination (in college the patient will be living in a dorm). The patient is due for a Tdap booster, meningococcal vaccine, and intranasal influenza vaccine. The physician counsels the patient only on the meningococcal vaccine and the nurse administers each.

<b>CPT</b> Codes		ICD-9-CM Codes
99394	Preventive medicine service, established patient, 12-17 years	<b>v20.2</b> and <b>v70.3</b>
90734	Meningococcal (MCV4) product	V03.89
90460	Pediatric IA (meningococcal), first component	V03.89
90715	Tdap product	V06.1
90472	IA, each additional injection (Tdap)	V06.1
90672	Influenza virus vaccine, quadrivalent, live product	V04.81
90474	IA, each additional oral or intranasal	V04.81

#### Rationale

Because the physician only documents counseling for the meningococcal vaccine, code **90460** can only be reported for that vaccine. For the Tdap and intranasal influenza vaccines, defer to non-pediatric IA codes **(90471–90474)**. In this case, however, a first vaccine code is already reported with code **90460**, so the additional IA codes **(90472, 90474)** have to be reported based on route of administration. Because the encounter was also related to an examination for administrative purpose (eg, college examination), link the appropriate *ICD-9-CM* code to the vaccine product and IA codes (eg, **V04.81**).

#### [D]Vignette #5

A 6-month-old patient presents to the office for her routine checkup and to receive vaccines. The patient is due for DTaP, pneumococcal, and hepatitis B vaccines. During the examination the physician finds an upper respiratory infection and fever. The physician counsels the parent on the vaccines but decides to defer for 2 weeks. The physician completes the well-baby check on that day.

Two weeks later the patient returns. The patient is afebrile and asymptomatic and is only seen by the nurse. The DTaP, pneumococcal, and hepatitis vaccines are administered.

First Visit:

CPT Codes ICD-9-CM Codes

**99391** Preventive medicine service, established patient, <1 year **V20.2** (An appropriate acute sick visit (eg, **99213**) may be reported in addition with modifier **25** and linked to an appropriate *ICD-9-CM* code.)

 CPT Codes
 ICD-9-CM Codes

 90700
 DTaP product
 V06.1

 90670
 Pneumococcal product
 V03.82

 90744
 Hepatitis B vaccine product
 V05.3

 90471
 IA (DTaP), first vaccine
 V06.1

 90472 (x2)
 IA (pneumococcal, hepatitis B), each additional component
 V03.82 and V05.3

#### **Rationale**

If counseling occurs outside of the IA service, there is no way to report it separately. Therefore, in this vignette, there is nothing separate to report during the well-child visit, and when the patient returns and sees the nurse only, pediatric IA codes cannot be reported; defer to codes **90471**—**90474.** During the preventive medicine service, when an acute illness is detected, a code from **99212**—**99215** can be reported if the service is significant and separately identifiable. Code **9921x** is reported with modifier **25.** When the patient returns for vaccines only, an E/M service is not reported because one is not completed or documented.

For more information on IA codes, see "Frequently Asked Questions for the Pediatric Immunization Administration Codes" and the Vaccine Coding Table at <a href="http://coding.aap.org/codingresources.aspx">http://coding.aap.org/codingresources.aspx</a>

#### [B]How to Code When Immunizations Are Not Administered

- There are many reasons why immunizations are not given during routine preventive medicine services. Parents may refuse vaccines or defer them, a patient may be ill at the time and it is counteractive to administer, or the patient may already have had the disease or be immune.
- Due to tracking purposes and quality measures, it is important to report non-administration as part of the *ICD-9-CM* codes. The following *ICD-9-CM* codes were created to report why a vaccine(s) is not given:

Vaccination not carried out due to

**V64.00** Unspecified reason

V64.01 Acute illness

**V64.02** Chronic illness or condition

V64.03 Immunocompromised state

**V64.04** Allergy to vaccine or component

V64.05 Caregiver refusal

V64.06 Patient refusal

#### V64.08 Patient has disease being vaccinated against

#### [C]Vignette

A 1-year-old presents for his routine well-child examination. He is scheduled to receive his first measles, mumps, rubella; hepatitis A; and varicella vaccines. Because he had a documented case of varicella when he was 9 months old, the varicella vaccine is not given.

Report the following *ICD-9-CM* codes linked to the E/M service:

**V05.4** Need for prophylactic vaccination against varicella

V64.08 Vaccination not carried out due to patient had disease being vaccinated against

## [A]Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System Codes

- HCPCS Level II codes are procedure codes used to report services and supplies not included in the CPT nomenclature.
- Like *CPT* codes, HCPCS Level II codes are part of the standard procedure code set under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996.
- Certain payers may require that HCPCS codes be reported in lieu of or as a supplement to CPT codes.
- The HCPCS nomenclature contains many codes for reporting nonphysician provider patient education, which can be an integral service in the provision of pediatric preventive care.

Examples of HCPCS Level II codes relevant to pediatric preventive care include

S0302	Completed Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment service (List in
	addition to code for appropriate E/M service.)
<b>S0610</b>	Annual gynecologic examination; new patient
S0612	Annual gynecologic examination; established patient
<b>S0613</b>	Annual gynecologic examination, clinical breast examination without pelvic examination
S0622	Routine examination for college, new or established patient (List separately in addition to
	appropriate E/M code.)
S9444	Parenting classes, nonphysician provider, per session
S9445	Patient education, not otherwise classified, nonphysician provider, individual, per session
S9446	Patient education, not otherwise classified, nonphysician provider, group, per session
COAAM	T. C C. t (t l

S9447 Infant safety (including cardiopulmonary resuscitation) classes, nonphysician provider, per session

**S9451** Exercise classes, nonphysician provider, per session Nutrition classes, nonphysician provider, per session

**S9454** Stress management classes, nonphysician provider, per session

## [A]Laboratory Codes

There are 2 different practice models surrounding the conducting of laboratory tests: blood is drawn in office and specimen is sent to an outside laboratory for analysis, or blood is drawn and laboratory tests are performed in the physician's practice.

In the first model, modifier **90** (reference [outside] laboratory) is appended to the laboratory procedure code when laboratory procedures are performed by a party other than the treating or reporting physician.

In the latter situation, the practice must have the appropriate Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments (CLIA) license to conduct non—CLIA-waived tests. Tests granted CLIA-waived status should be reported with modifier **QW** appended.

## [B]Model 1: Blood is drawn in office and specimen is sent to an outside laboratory for analysis.

**99000** Handling and/or conveyance of specimen for transfer from the physician's office to a laboratory

#### [C]Venipuncture

#### [D] CPT Codes

- **36406** Venipuncture, younger than 3 years, necessitating physician's skill, not to be used for routine venipuncture
- **36410** Venipuncture, 3 years or older, necessitating physician's skill, for diagnostic or therapeutic purposes (not be used for routine venipuncture)
- **36415** Collection of venous blood by venipuncture
- **36416** Collection of capillary blood specimen (eg, finger, heel, ear stick)

### [D] ICD-9-CM Codes

Link to *ICD-9-CM* code(s) for specific screening test(s).

## [B]Model 2: Blood is drawn and laboratory tests are performed in the physician's practice.

## [C]Venipuncture

## [D] CPT Codes

- **36406** Venipuncture, younger than 3 years, necessitating physician's skill, not to be used for routine venipuncture
- **36410** Venipuncture, 3 years or older, necessitating physician's skill, for diagnostic or therapeutic purposes (not be used for routine venipuncture)
- **36415** Collection of venous blood by venipuncture
- **36416** Collection of capillary blood specimen (eg, finger, heel, ear stick)

## [D]ICD-9-CM Codes

Link to *ICD-9-CM* code(s) for specific screening test(s).

## [C]Cholesterol Screening

## [D] CPT Codes

- **80061** Lipid panel (includes total cholesterol, high-density lipoprotein [HDL] cholesterol, and triglycerides)
- **82465** Cholesterol, serum, total
- 83718 Lipoprotein, direct measurement, high-density cholesterol (HDL cholesterol)
- **84478** Triglycerides

## [D] ICD-9-CM Codes

**V77.91** Screening for lipid disorders

**V72.6** Laboratory examination (NOTE: Reported secondary to code[s] for screening[s].)

#### [C]Hematocrit/Hemoglobin

#### [D] CPT Codes

**85014** Blood count; hematocrit Blood count; hemoglobin

#### [D] ICD-9-CM Codes

**V78.0** Special screening for iron deficiency anemia

**V72.6** Laboratory examination (NOTE: Reported secondary to code[s] for screening[s].)

#### [C]Lead Screening

#### [D] CPT Code

**83655** Lead

#### [D] ICD-9-CM Codes

**V82.5** Special screening for chemical poisoning and other contamination

**V72.6** Laboratory examination (NOTE: Reported secondary to code[s] for screening[s].)

#### [C]Newborn Metabolic Screening

#### [D]HCPCS Code

(Note: See "Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System Codes" on pages 28 and 29 for explanation of HCPCS codes.)

**S3620** Newborn metabolic screening panel, includes test kit, postage, and the laboratory tests specified by the state for inclusion in this panel (eg, galactose; hemoglobin, electrophoresis; hydroxyprogesterone, 17-D; phenylalanine [phenylketonuria (PKU)]; and thyroxine, total)

#### [D]ICD-9-CM Codes

Report the diagnosis code(s) for the state-specific newborn screening test(s) conducted. Examples include

- **V77.0** Special screening for thyroid disorders
- **V77.3** Special screening for PKU
- **V77.4** Special screening for galactosemia
- **V77.7** Special screening for other inborn errors of metabolism
- **V77.99** Special screening for other and unspecified endocrine, nutritional, metabolic, and immunity disorders
- **V78.0** Special screening for iron deficiency anemia
- **V78.1** Special screening for other and unspecified deficiency anemia
- **V78.2** Special screening for sickle cell disease or trait
- **V78.3** Special screening for other hemoglobinopathies
- **V78.8** Special screening for other disorders of blood and blood-forming organs
- **V72.6** Laboratory examination (NOTE: Reported secondary to code[s] for screening[s].)

## [C]Papanicolaou Smear

#### [D]HCPCS Code

(Note: See "Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System Codes" on pages 28 and 29 for explanation of HCPCS codes.)

**Q0091** Screening Papanicolaou smear; obtaining, preparing, and conveyance of cervical or vaginal smear to laboratory

#### [D] CPT Code

Collection of a cervical specimen via a pelvic examination is included in the preventive medicine service code (99381–99385 and 99391–99395).

#### [D] ICD-9-CM Codes

- **V15.89** Other specified personal history presenting as hazards to health (for high-risk patients only)
- **V76.2** Special screening for malignant neoplasms; cervix
- **V76.47** Special screening, malignant neoplasms, vagina
- **V76.49** Special screening, malignant neoplasms, other sites (for patients without a uterus or cervix)
- **V72.6** Laboratory examination (NOTE: Reported secondary to code[s] for screening[s].)

#### [C]Tuberculosis Testing (Mantoux/Purified Protein Derivative [PPD])

#### [D]Administration of PPD Test

CPT Code ICD-9-CM Code

**86580** Skin test; tuberculosis, intradermal **V74.1** Special screening examination for pulmonary tuberculosis

*NOTE:* There is no separate administration code for the PPD test. Do not report one. [DESIGNER: PLEASE PLACE THIS TEXT IN A BOX TO HIGHLIGHT.]

#### [D]Reading of PPD Test

If patient returns to have a nurse read the test results, report

CPT Code ICD-9-CM Code

**99211** Office or other outpatient services (nurse visit) (nurse visit) (1.1 Special screening examination for pulmonary tuberculosis (if test is negative)

or

**795.5** Nonspecific reaction to tuberculin skin test without active tuberculosis *(if test is positive)* 

## [C]Sexually Transmitted Infection Screening

#### [D] CPT Codes

**86631** Antibody; chlamydia

86632 Antibody; chlamydia, IgM

**86701** Antibody; HIV-1

**86703** Antibody; HIV-1 and HIV-2; single assay

**87081** Culture, presumptive, pathogenic organisms, screening only

**87110** Culture, chlamydia, any source

87205 Smear, primary source with interpretation; Gram or Giemsa stain for bacteria, fungi, or cell types

- **87210** Smear, primary source with interpretation; wet mount for infectious agents (eg, saline, India ink, KOH preps)
- **87270** Infectious agent antigen detection by immunofluorescent technique; *Chlamydia trachomatis*
- **87320** Infectious agent detection by enzyme immunoassay technique, qualitative or semiquantitative, multiple step method; *C trachomatis*
- **87490** Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); *C trachomatis,* direct probe technique
- 87491 Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); *C trachomatis*, amplified probe technique
- **87590** Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); *Neisseria gonorrhoeae,* direct probe technique
- **87591** Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA); *N gonorrhoeae*, amplified probe technique
- **87800** Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA), multiple organisms; direct probe(s) technique
- **87801** Infectious agent detection by nucleic acid (DNA or RNA), multiple organisms; amplified probe technique
- **87810** Infectious agent detection by immunoassay with direct optical observation; *C trachomatis*
- **87850** Infectious agent detection by immunoassay with direct optical observation; N gonorrhoeae

#### [D] ICD-9-CM Codes

- **V73.88** Special screening examination for other specified chlamydial diseases
- **V74.5** Special screening examination for bacterial and spirochetal diseases; venereal disease
- **V75.9** Special screening examination for unspecified infectious disease
- **V72.6** Laboratory examination (NOTE: Reported secondary to code[s] for screening[s].)

## [C]Urinalysis

For urinalysis by dipstick or table reagent for bilirubin, glucose, hemoglobin, ketones, leukocytes, nitrite, pH, protein, specific gravity, urobilinogen, or any number of these constituents, code as follows:

#### [D] CPT Codes

- 81000 Nonautomated, with microscopy81001 Automated, with microscopy81002 Nonautomated, without microscopy
- **81003** Automated, without microscopy

## [D] ICD-9-CM Codes

- **V77.1** Special screening for diabetes mellitus
- **V77.99** Special screening for other and unspecified endocrine, nutritional, metabolic, and immunity disorders
- **V72.6** Laboratory examination (NOTE: Reported secondary to code[s] for screening[s].

## [A]Common Preventive Medicine ICD-9-CMCodes and the ICD-10-CMCrosswalk

ICD-9-CM Code	Descriptor	ICD-10-CM Code <sup>a</sup>	Descriptor
V20.31	Newborn check under 8 days old	Z00.110	Newborn check under 8 days old
V20.32	Newborn check 8 to 28 days old	Z00.111	Newborn check 8 to 28 days old
V20.2	Routine infant or child health check	Z00.121 Z00.129	Encounter for routine child health examination with abnormal findings Encounter for routine child health examination without abnormal findings
V70.0	Routine general medical examination at a health care facility	Z00.00 Z00.01	Encounter for general adult medical examination without abnormal findings Encounter for general adult medical examination with abnormal findings
V72.11	Encounter for hearing examination following failed hearing screen	Z01.110	Encounter for hearing examination following failed hearing screening
V72.19	Other examination of ears and hearing	Z01.11 Z01.118	Encounter for examination of ears and hearing without abnormal findings Encounter for examination of ears and hearing with other abnormal findings
V77.1	Special screening for diabetes mellitus	Z13.1	Encounter for screening for diabetes mellitus
V77.91	Screening for lipid disorders	Z13.220	Encounter for screening for lipoid disorders
V77.99	Special screening for other and unspecified endocrine, nutritional, metabolic, and immunity disorders	Z13.21 Z13.228 Z13.29	Encounter for screening for nutritional disorder Encounter for screening for other metabolic disorder Encounter for screening for other suspected endocrine disorder
V79.8	Special screening for other specified mental disorders and developmental handicaps	Z13.4	Encounter for screening for certain developmental disorders in childhood (excludes routine screening)
V03- V06.9	Need for prophylactic vaccination and inoculation	<b>Z</b> 23	Encounter for immunization
V15.83	Underimmunized status	Z28.3	Underimmunized status
V74.1	Special screening examination for pulmonary tuberculosis	Z11.1	Encounter for screening for respiratory tuberculosis

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-10-CM) codes do not become effective until October 1, 2013. Use of these codes prior to that date will result in a carrier denial. Please do not implement these codes until they are effective.